1. Project Proposal Information

Droject Dropocal	
Project Proposal Title	Improvement of magnetic properties of nanodimensional
	films for ultrahigh density magnetic recording and
	information storage
Project Proposal Acronym	
Call Identifier	FP7-NMP-2012-CSA-6
	FP7-NMP-2012-SME-6
	FP7-NMP-2012-LARGE-6
	FP7-NMP-2012-SMALL-6
Topic(s)	NMP.2012.2.2-2 Materials for data storage
Funding Scheme	Small or medium-sized collaborative projects
Keywords	nanodimensional magnetic and thermoelectric film, silicide
	film
Abstract	Creation of devices with ultrahigh-density magnetic
(Max. 2000 words)	recording and storage of information is a significant
	problem of the modern science and technique. The
	increase of recording density by traditional methods
	already attained a limit. Now for the storage of digital
	information the magnetic disks are applicated, for the
	fabrication of which the layer of magnetic material is
	deposited on the unmagnetic substrate and then a
	recording is carried out. As magnetic material (a magnetic
	recording media) it is applicated both polymeric coverage,
	which contains magnetic one-domain particles (as a rule y-
	Fe_2O_3), and thin (of (50 – 150) thick nm) film of magnetic
	metal, alloy or oxide (alloys are usually utilized on the basis
	of Co, for example, Co-Ni, Co-Ni-W, Co-Pt-Ni et cetera).
	Size of magnetic domains located in a few grains is ~ 100
	nm. Thin magnetic films have a grain structure with the
	size of grain of film thickness. Coercivity of magnetic
	materials which are used for the storage of information lies
	in a range from 8 A/m to 37 A/m, and remanence arrives
	for 1,5 T.

Project Description	Reached density of magnetic recording and storage of information is 10-15 Gbit/cm ² . For the subsequent increase of density the new nanodimensional materials with lower-limit dimension of magnetic domains located in isolated grain with size of 5-15 nm are needed, which allow to fabricate recording medium of new generation with ultrahigh-density magnetic recording and storage of information (to 1 Tbit/cm ²). For creation of such magnetic writing devices the magnetic ordered $L1_0$ -FePt phase with face-centered tetragonal structure can be used due to its large uniaxial magnetocrystalline anisotropy energy (7·10 ⁶ J/m ³ that more than on an order higher than in the magnetic recording medium, which are used) to high chemical and to anticorrosive stability. The methods of fabrication and thermal stabilization of nanodimensional (10 -30 nm) magnetic ordered $L1_0$ -FePt films, management an orientation of the easy magnetization axis and magnitude of coercivity are developed. Decrease the temperature of the magnetic ordering and increase thermal stability of magnetic of $L1_0$ -FeP films with the size of grains to (5 – 15) nm can be carried out due to introduction of interface energy by the use of additional layers of Cr (Au, Ag) or combinations of Pt/Cr (or Pt/Ag) in film composition of FePt/additional layer/substrate or multi-layered film composition of FePt/Fe/Pt/, what will provide a driving force for ordering of FePt film using tension energy between FePt film and additional layer for acceleration of the ordering process. Also it is assumed that diffusion the third element with low surface energy such as Co (or Au, Ag, Sb, Bi) will stimulate the rearrangement of FePt grains carry out control for the size of grain and slow motion of domain wall of FePt during the demagnetization process that favour the increase of coercivity.
(Main Work Packages)	textures in $L1_o$ -FePt films it will be used the different substrates such as SiO ₂ /Si(001), amorphous particles of

	SiO ₂ of spherical form, glass, polystyrene both at a room temperature and heated to the temperatures in the range of (620 - 770) K. At application of amorphous substrates it is assumed the using the seed layers in particular Cr(100), MgO(100). Fabrication of nanodimensional film in thick of 10- 30 nm on the basis of magnetic ordered L1 _o -FePt phase by the method of magnetron sputtering with the use of the mosaic targets from the metals of Fe and Pt with the alloying elements of C, Ag, Ni, B, Cu, Au, Sb on substrate of SiO ₂ or MgO, CrRu, CrMo. Heat treatment carries out by method of the thermal annealing in nitrogen or vacuum in the temperature range of (620 – 970 K) with different rates of heating and duration. For the magnetic recording of information by L1 _o -FePt film it is possible to use technology of the thermally activated magnetic record (TAMR) at cooling from the paramagnetic state.
Current Consortium	No
(Partners,	
Organisation Types)	
Deadline for	November 2011, January 2012
Responses	

2. Profile of the Partners Sought

Organisation Type	Research or Educational
Required Skills and Expertise	nanodimensional magnetic and thermoelectric film, silicide film
Role in the project	Cooperation in investigations
Other	
Requirements	

3. Project Proposer Information

Name of the	National Technical University of Ukraine "Kiev Polytechnic
Organisation	Institute"
Organisation Type	Education

Country	Ukraine
Fields of Activity	nanodimensional magnetic and thermoelectric film, silicide film
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Previous FP Projects Participated	No